

Coefficients (conversion bridges) for the conversion of time series of individual price indices for households in total

0	Total	0,9971
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	0,9980
02	Alcoholic beverages, tobacco	1,0040
03	Clothing and footwear	1,0084
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	1,0010
05	Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house	1,0020
06	Health	0,9953
07	Transport	0,9960
08	Communications	0,9874
09	Recreation and culture	0,9920
10	Education	0,9980
11	Restaurants and hotels	1,0039
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	0,9931

Conversion of time series of overall CPIs

Conversion between the time series of the price indices with a constant base before and after the revision is ensured by the coefficients (conversion bridges) either to the new base with the new structure from the year 2005 or to the original base with the original structure from the year 1999. For each time series of the indices (at all levels of the COICOP structural hierarchy) the coefficient is following number:

$$\text{coeff} = \frac{\text{index for Dec. 2006 with the base Dec. 2005} = 100 \text{ from new time series (on new structure y. 2005)/100}}{\left[\text{index for Dec. 2006} / \text{index for Dec. 2005} \right] \left(\text{both indices from original time series, where Dec. 1999} = 100 \right)}$$

This coefficient represents a difference between the development on the new and the original scheme between December 2005 and December 2006 for each index.

I. Conversion of the original indices, valid till y. 2006, to a) new base December 2005 = 100 and to b) new index base average y. 2005 = 100

- a) The indices of original time series with the base December 1999 = 100, which refer to the period 2001 – 2006 (see publication CZSO - Prices), will be transformed to the new base December 2005 = 100, valid since y. 2007, as follows (for each month selected within 2001 – 2006):

$$\frac{\text{index for the selected period with the base December 1999} = 100 \text{ from original time series}}{\text{index for December 2005 with the base December 1999} = 100 \text{ from original time series}} \times \text{coeff} \times 100 \quad (1)$$

Example of calculation of index for November 2006 with the new base December 2005 = 100

- original index for November 2006 with the base December 1999 = 100: 117,5
- original index for December 2005 with the base December 1999 = 100: 115,7
- coefficient to the appropriate time series : 0,9971

$$\text{Index with the new base} = \frac{117,5}{115,7} \times 0,9971 \times 100 = 101,3$$

Final index is therefore comparable with newly published indices since year 2007 having the base December 2005 = 100.

- b) Conversion to the new index base average y. 2005 = 100 will CZSO calculate from time series of type **(1)** above. Index for any time period within January 2001 and December 2006 to the new index base average y. 2005 = 100 can be calculate from the previously published data as follows (for each month selected within 2001 – 2006):

$$\frac{\text{index for the selected month with the base December 1999 = 100 from the original time series}}{\text{index for an average of the year 2005 with the base Dec. 1999 = 100 from the original time series}} \times 100 \quad (2)$$

It is necessary to refer to the fact, that formula **(2)** gives the same results as the calculation from the series of type **(1)** only teoretically (if the calculations are done with unrounded figures)

II. Conversion of the new indices, valid since y. 2007, to a) original base December 1999 = 100 and to b)original index base average 2000 = 100

- a) Continuation of the time series of price indices with the original base December 1999 = 100 (valid till y. 2006) will be ensured by linking of the new time series to the original time series as follows (for each month selected in 2007 or later period):

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{index for the period y. 2007 (8...) with the base December 1999 = 100} = \\ & = \frac{\text{index for the period y. 2007 (8...) with the base December 2005 = 100 from the new time series}}{\text{coefficient}} \times \\ & \times \text{ index for December 2005 with the base December 1999 = 100 from the original time series} / 100. \end{aligned}$$

Example of calculation of index for January 2007 to the base December 1999 = 100:

- new index for January 2007 with the base December 2005 = 100: 102,4
- original index for December 2005 with the base December 1999 = 100: 115,7
- coefficient to the appropriate time series: 0,9971

$$\frac{102,4}{0,9971} \times \frac{115,7}{100} = 118,8$$

- b) Similar procedure can be used also for conversion to the base average y. 2000 = 100:

$$\begin{aligned} & = \frac{\text{index for the selected period y.2007 (8...) with the base December 2005 = 100 from the original time series}}{\text{coefficient}} \times \\ & \times \text{ index for December 2005 with the base average y. 2000 = 100 from the original time series} / 100. \end{aligned}$$

Note: Using of the coefficients implicitly transforms the linking period December 2005 to December 2006. In other words, a published development of the original time series till December 2006, which is linked by the development of indices derived from the new calculation scheme, is retained.