***31 SELECTED INDICATORS ON COHESION REGIONS AND REGIONS***

***Methodological notes***

The NUTS classification (from the French version Nomenclature des Unités Territoriales Statistiques) is a fundamental tool for providing statistical information to the European Union. At present, it comprises four NUTS levels as follows: NUTS 0 – **state of the Czech Republic**,NUTS 1 – **territory of the Czech Republic**, NUTS 2 – **cohesion regions**, i.e. 8 groupings of NUTS 3 Regions in total, NUTS 3 – **Regions**, i.e. 14 higher territorial self-governing units in total. The individual levels are defined by the population size and area. For lower territorial breakdown, a system of the so-called local administrative units (LAU) is used. Prague is not broken down further in the LAU system.

***Summary of NUTS 2 cohesion regions and NUTS 3 Regions:***

**Praha** – Hl. m. Praha *Region* (PHA)

**Střední Čechy** – Středočeský *Region* (STČ)

**Jihozápad** – Jihočeský *Region* (JHČ)

– Plzeňský *Region* (PLK)

**Severozápad** – Karlovarský *Region* (KVK)

– Ústecký *Region* (ULK)

**Severovýchod** – Liberecký *Region* (LBK)

– Královéhradecký *Region* (HKK)

– Pardubický *Region* (PAK)

**Jihovýchod** – Vysočina *Region* (VYS)

– Jihomoravský *Region* (JHM)

**Střední Morava** – Olomoucký *Region* (OLK)

– Zlínský *Region* (ZLK)

**Moravskoslezsko** – Moravskoslezský Region (MSK)

## *Notes on Tables*

***Immigrants*** *are in the regional context persons, who moved/migrated (registered a change of their place of residence) to a given cohesion region (or a Region) from another cohesion region (or a Region) or from abroad.* ***Emigrants*** *are in the regional context persons, who from the given cohesion region (or a Region) migrated out (registered a change of their place of residence) to another cohesion region (or a Region) or to abroad. Data for the Czech Republic include only persons who migrated from abroad or to abroad.*

***Gross domestic product*** *in the breakdown by Region is based mainly on the production method of calculation as a sum of values added of local units (workplaces), which are economically active in the territory of a given Region and net taxes on products.*

***Net disposable income of households*** *is an amount, which households (residents in the territory of a Region) can spend on final consumption, savings in the form of financial assets, and accumulation of tangible and intangible assets. It shows the way the balance of primary income is redistributed: by current taxes, social contributions and social benefits, and other current transfers.*

***Old-age pension recipients, total*** *are both recipients of a full old-age pension and of a proportional old-age pension including recipients of old-age pensions paid simultaneously with a survivor’s pension.*

*The****average monthly amount of old-age pension*** *as at 31 December of the reference year is the average amount of full single old-age pension paid in December per pensioner.*

***Data sources:***

The data are produced by the CZSO unless a source is given.

*Unemployment, job vacancies: Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs*

*Social security: Czech Social Security Administration, calculation according to the Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs*

*Crime: Police Presidium of the CR*

*Road accidents: Police Presidium of the CR, Directorate of the Traffic Police Service*

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Further information can be found on the website of the Czech Statistical Office at:

– [www.csu.gov.cz/regional-statistics](http://www.csu.gov.cz/regional-statistics)