

METHODOLOGICAL NOTES

The data on the number of deaths are based on the registration of vital events, whereby every death that occurred in the territory of the Czech Republic, as well as deaths of Czech citizens that occurred in the territory of another country, is reported to registry offices, which record them in the relevant information systems. Before 2024, the Czech Statistical Office collected data on all deaths through statistical reports on death, filled in and submitted by registry offices. Since 2024, statistical reports have been used only for cases of deaths of foreigners (persons who are not citizens of the Czech Republic), while data on the deaths of Czech citizens are obtained from the Population Register through the Census Information System (CENZIS) administered by the Czech Statistical Office.

The statistics includes deaths of Czech residents, i.e. citizens of the Czech Republic and foreigners with permanent residence in the Czech Republic, third-country nationals with temporary residence in the territory of the Czech Republic on the basis of a long-term visa (over 90 days) or a long-term residence permit, nationals of the EU Member States, Norway, Switzerland, Iceland, Liechtenstein and their family members with notified temporary residence in the territory of the Czech Republic and foreigners granted international protection in the Czech Republic. Since 2022, the population has also included persons granted temporary protection in the Czech Republic with usual residence in the Czech Republic.

The data also include deaths of Czech citizens with permanent residence in the Czech Republic that occurred abroad and were registered in the Czech Republic within a period that allows their inclusion into the statistics.

Since 2026, the statistical data on the number of deaths are updated once per quarter, usually on the 40th calendar day after the end of the period – for specific dates see [Catalogue of products | Statistics](#) (product 130184).

The data are broken down by calendar week and calendar month, and into sex and broader age groups. At each release of the data sets, data for all calendar weeks and months flagged as provisional are updated.

Please note that the sum of the number of deaths for all calendar weeks of the year does not correspond to the total number of deaths in the calendar year, as the calendar weeks do not cover the period from 1 January to 31 December of the year (the first or the last calendar week of the year usually includes some days from the previous or the following year).

To ensure comparability with year(s) for which the average population is not available at the time of data release, the population at the beginning of the year (1 January) is used in the indicator of the relative number of deaths in the reference period (per 100,000 population of a given age).