## Methodological notes

All data refer to citizens of Czechia and foreigners with permanent residence in Czechia, third-country nationals with temporary residence in the territory of Czechia based on a long-term visa (over 90 days), nationals of the EU Member States, Norway, Switzerland, Iceland, Liechtenstein and their family members with notified temporary residence in the territory of Czechia and foreigners granted international protection in Czechia. Since 2022, persons granted temporary protection in Czechia with usual residence in Czechia have also been included in the population.

For more detailed information see https://csu.gov.cz/population-methodology.

For definitions of demographic events and the most commonly, used demographic indicators see https://csu.gov.cz/population-change-methodology.

Age (in years, days) means completed age.

From 2021, the **territory of regions** (NUTS 3) is defined by the Act No 51/2020 Sb, on the Territorial Administrative Division of the State. Regions are defined by the Administrative Districts of Municipalities with Extended Powers (see Decree No 346/2020 Sb, on the determination of administrative districts of municipalities with extended powers, the territory of districts of the capital city of Prague and the inclusion of certain municipalities to another district).

The publication contains data on the population and population change of the individual regions (and the Czech Republic) in the ten-year time series 2015–2024 with all data referring to the **territory of a given region** valid **as of 1 January 2025**. The presented data for individual regions are thus fully comparable over time<sup>1</sup>.

In this period, the territorial change of regions took place only once, by Act No 15/2015 Sb, effective from 1 January 2016, which abolished the Brdy Military Area in the Central Bohemian Region (Středočeský kraj) and set up new boundaries for other Military Areas. In accordance with the change in the territorial determination of the cadastral areas concerned, the borders and population size of the Central Bohemian Region, the Plzeň Region (Plzeňský kraj), the Karlovy Vary Region (Karlovarský kraj), the Ústí nad Labem Region (Ústecký kraj), the South Moravian Region (Jihomoravský kraj) and the Olomouc Region (Olomoucký kraj) were changed. Part of the population from the abolished Brdy Military Area (inhabitants living in the cadastral area of the municipality of Skořice) in the Central Bohemian Region was newly integrated into the Plzeň Region. Part of the population of the Hradiště Military Area in the Karlovy Vary Region was integrated into the Ústí nad Labem Region (inhabitants living in the cadastral areas of the municipalities of Podbořanský Rohozec and Radonice). The population of the Březina Military Area in the South Moravian Region was newly integrated into the population of the Olomouc Region (into the municipalities of Krumsín and Otaslavice).

Marriages are territorially classified according to the groom's place of residence (unless otherwise stated). The average age of the groom/bride at marriage is based on the distribution of the number of marriages by age of groom/bride.

Divorces are territorially classified according to the last common residence of the married couple.

The duration of the marriage is based on the date of the marriage and the date when divorce became legally

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In the case of a change in the territorial determination of a region in a given time series, the data presented here for the years prior to this change differ from the data presented in other outputs of demographic statistics of the Czech Statistical Office and in the Public database for a given region and year.



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effective. The average age of the man/woman at divorce is based on the distribution of the number of divorces by age of man/woman.

The births are territorially classified according to the mother's place of residence at the time of birth. The birth order is collected only for live births and from live births. The average age of mother at childbirth is based on the distribution of the age-specific fertility rates. Unlike other CZSO outputs, age-specific fertility calculated here for the regions (NUTS 3) are based on the average population of women in the relevant age group calculated as the simple average of the population stocks of women as at 1 January and 31 December in the relevant year (i.e. the sum of these average population counts by age is not equal to the mid-year number balanced as at 1 July). The total fertility rate is obtained from the rates calculated in this way.

Abortions are territorially classified according to the woman's place of residence at the time of the abortion. The time series ends in 2023, as from 2024, abortions are no longer included in the demographic statistics processed by the Czech Statistical Office.

Life expectancy is an indicator of life tables, which the Czech Statistical Office computes for individual regions for two-year calendar periods to exclude random fluctuations. The figure for 2024 relates to the life table for the period 2023–2024, etc. For the Czech Republic, life expectancies are based on one-year life tables.

## Symbols used in the tables:

Hyphen (-) in place of the number indicates that the phenomenon did not occur

Dot (.) in place of the number indicates that the data is not available or is unreliable

Letter (x) a horizontal cross in place of the number indicates that record is not possible for logical

reasons

